The Unley (City) Development Plan was amended by the Village Living and Desirable Neighbourhoods Stage 3A (Corridor Mixed Use and Residential Vatalisation – Greenhill and Unley Roads) Development Plan Amendment (DPA) on 31 October 2013 to introduce the Urban Corridor Zone - Boulevard (Greenhill Road) and High Street (Unley Road) Policy Areas to facilitate higher density mixed use and residential transit orientated development on these main road corridors. Refer to the Location Map below.

Location Map showing the Urban Corridor Zone - High Street (Unley Road) Policy Area

This Fact Sheet is concerned with the Urban Corridor Zone Boulevard (Greenhill Road) Policy Area 20 and includes relevant specific extracts (identified in italics) from the Unley (City) Development Plan. In addition to this specific zone policy there is a range of other relevant parts of the whole Development plan which are also applicable and must be referred to in the assessment of any development.

The full Unley (City) Development Plan can be viewed on Council’s website www.unley.sa.gov.au.
Urban Corridor Zone

OBJECTIVES

1. A mixed use zone accommodating a range of compatible non-residential and medium and high density residential land uses orientated towards a high frequency public transport corridor.

2. Integrated, mixed use, medium and high rise buildings with ground floor uses that create active and vibrant streets with residential development above.

3. A mix of land uses that enable people to work, shop and access a range of services close to home.

4. Adaptable and flexible building designs that can accommodate changes in land use and respond to changing economic and social conditions.

5. A built form that provides a transition down in scale and intensity at the zone boundary to maintain the amenity of residential properties located within adjoining zones.

6. A safe, comfortable and appealing street environment for pedestrians that is sheltered from weather extremes, is of a pedestrian scale and optimises views or any outlook onto spaces of interest.

7. Noise and air quality impacts mitigated through appropriate building design and orientation.

8. Development that contributes to the desired character of the zone.

DESIRED CHARACTER

This zone supports mixed use development on major road corridors and comprises non-residential development in association with medium to high density residential living, including more than 15 percent of dwellings as affordable housing. Development will create a linear corridor that will focus and frame the main road and create active street frontages. Buildings of 3 or more storeys will be the predominant built form, with key strategic sites developed with landmark buildings that will feature prominent, attractive and activating road facades.

The siting and design of buildings will achieve high quality urban design outcomes. Development will be undertaken within defined building envelopes. Buildings at the periphery of the zone will have an appropriate transition that relates to development in adjacent zones of a lower scale and intensity. Contextual qualities, including the setting and juxtaposition of heritage places/character items with new or refurbished development, will be respected.

Heritage buildings will be adapted, maintaining their heritage qualities with development encouraged to the rear and behind the front facades. Buildings adjacent to heritage buildings will be sympathetic to the heritage nature in their design.

The urban corridor roads function as major metropolitan transport movement systems as well as for local movement, access and parking. Restricted and consolidated vehicle access points will be available and access will be mainly from secondary road frontages, limited rear access lanes and through-site integrated and shared rights-of-way. Controlled pedestrian and cycle crossing points will be focused and consolidated at key locations. Development design and function will be people orientated with safe and convenient accessibility to and through buildings from roads and parking.

Parking areas will be consolidated and shared and screened from public view. Access and parking are to be sited and designed to minimise negative impacts on adjoining residential areas, including appropriate separation and screen and buffer landscaping. Road treatments are to be provided at the interface of the zone that correspond with the likely associated uses and discourage non-related traffic in residential streets.
A high amenity pedestrian environment will be established that provides integrated linkages to adjacent centres, public transport stops and public spaces. Access for people with disabilities, signage, seating and street lighting will be provided along key walking routes between public transport stops and major activity nodes. Cycle routes will be visible, safe, accessible, well signed and connected with key local destinations and the Parkland fringe.

Overlooking, overshadowing and emission impacts will be moderated through good design and mitigation techniques, however, it is noted noise and air amenity cannot be expected to be equivalent to a purely residential area. Impacts on adjoining zones will be minimised through appropriate land uses, building envelopes, transition of building heights, design and location of on-site activities/windows/balconies, and use of landscaping.

Well-designed landscaping will assist to visually soften large building façades, screen and buffer parking/service areas/zone interface areas, and provide amenity, biodiversity and micro-climate benefits.

Water sensitive urban design (WSUD) for the harvest, treatment, storage and reuse of stormwater, and environmentally sustainable design (ESD) for reduction in energy consumption through passive design, construction and operation is envisaged with development. Green (vegetated) places will assist urban heat island effects and roof top gardens will provide opportunities for private and communal open space.

Given the distinctly different land use mixes, urban design features and street character intended for the various sites to which the zone is applied, four different policy areas have been designated as follows:

(a) Boulevard Policy Area – where taller, mixed use buildings of predominantly office uses at ground and low building levels and residential apartments above are intended along the Greenhill Road and Glen Osmond Road frontage with its premium Park Land interface where grand buildings and strong landscape settings are appropriate.

(b) High Street Policy Area – where more moderate scaled buildings of mixed use are intended along Unley Road with predominantly small scale shops, mixed business services and hospitality uses at ground and low building levels and upper level comprising residential apartments.

(c) Business Policy Area – where development will be varied in focus on commercial and business land uses at street level with dwellings located above along the more commercially oriented parts of Leader Street.

(d) Transit Living Policy Area – where taller, mixed use buildings are intended for predominantly residential development together with low impact, generally commercial uses that support the daily needs of the local population (such as offices, consulting rooms, shops, cafés and restaurants) located at ground level. Upper levels are intended to provide residential apartments to take advantage of high frequency public transport corridors upon which such developments are located.

Detailed concept plans are prepared for distinct sections of the roads, detailing matters including desired accessways/road links, excluded property frontage access, variations to prescribed building heights, consolidated sites, heritage sites and any particular intended urban design element or feature.

The potential for buildings within the zone to penetrate the Adelaide International Airport Obstacle Surface Limitation exists. It is essential that development within the zone not impede the long-term operational, safety and commercial aviation requirements of the Adelaide International Airport.

**PRINCIPLES OF DEVELOPMENT CONTROL**

**Land Use**

1. The following types of development, or combination thereof, are envisaged in the zone:
   - affordable housing
   - aged persons accommodation
   - community centre
   - consulting room
- dwelling
- educational establishment
- entertainment venue
- licensed premises
- office
- pre-school
- residential flat building
- retirement village
- shop or group of shops
- supported accommodation
- tourist accommodation.

2 Development listed as non-complying is generally inappropriate.

Form and Character

3 Development should be consistent with the desired character for the zone.

4 Development should be in accordance with Concept Plan Maps Un/1 to 7 and 11.

5 Residential development should achieve a minimum net residential site density in accordance with the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Policy Area</th>
<th>Minimum net residential site density</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boulevard (Greenhill Road) Policy Area 19</td>
<td>75 dwellings per hectare net (except within the southern half of the Annesley Campus Area fronting Rose Terrace 35 dwellings per hectare net)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Street (Unley Road) Policy Area 20</td>
<td>60 dwellings per hectare net</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transit Living (Anzac Highway) Policy Area 24</td>
<td>45 dwellings per hectare net</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business (Leader Street and Maple Avenue) Policy Area 25</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6 Vehicle parking should be located to the rear of development or not be visible from public land along the primary road frontage.

Design and Appearance

7 Buildings on sites with a frontage greater than 10 metres should be well articulated through variations in forms, materials, openings and colours.

8 Buildings should be designed and sited to address the primary public road and to face other public thoroughfares (other than rear laneways) and open spaces and to enable suitable sunlight access to public and common private open space as well as good daylighting of habitable room windows of dwellings.

9 To maintain sight lines between buildings and the street, and to improve safety through passive surveillance, solid fencing should not be constructed between the front building line and the primary or secondary street.

10 Development should minimise the number of access points onto an arterial road, and where possible access points should be:

    (a) from local streets (including rear lane access) as identified on Concept Plan Maps Un/1 to 7 and 11;

    (b) shared between developments.

11 Vehicle access points on side streets and rear access ways should be located and designed to:

    (a) minimise the impacts of headlight glare and noise on nearby residents;

    (b) avoid excessive traffic flows into residential streets.
Building Envelope

Building Height

12 Except where airport building height restrictions prevail, the interface height provisions require a lesser height, or an alternative maximum building height is shown on Concept Plan Maps Un/1 to 7 and 11, building heights (excluding any rooftop mechanical plant or equipment) should be consistent with the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Policy area</th>
<th>Minimum building height</th>
<th>Maximum building height</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boulevard (Greenhill Road) Policy Area 19</td>
<td>3 storeys (11.5 metres), or 4 storeys (15 metres) for land that is directly adjacent to or facing the Adelaide Park Lands.</td>
<td>7 storeys and up to 25.5 metres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Street (Unley Road) Policy Area 20</td>
<td>3 storeys (11.5 metres)</td>
<td>5 storeys and up to 18.5 metres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transit Living (Anzac Highway) Policy Area 24</td>
<td>3 storeys or no less than 11.5 metres for sites fronting Anzac Highway, and 2 storeys or less than 8 metres for sites fronting Leader Street or Maple Avenue</td>
<td>6 storeys and up to 22 metres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business (Leader Street and Maple Avenue) Policy Area 25</td>
<td>2 storeys or no less than 8 metres</td>
<td>6 storeys or 22 metres</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Interface Height Provisions

13 To minimise building massing at the interface with development outside of the zone, buildings should be constructed within a building envelope provided by a 30 degree plane, measured from a height of 3 metres above natural ground level at the zone boundary (except where this boundary is a primary road frontage, as illustrated in Figure 1).

Figure 1

Setbacks from Road Frontages

14 Buildings (excluding verandahs, porticos and the like) should be set back from the primary road frontage (exclusive of any land required under the Metropolitan Road Widening Act) in accordance with the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Policy area</th>
<th>Minimum setback from the primary road frontage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boulevard Policy Area</td>
<td>6 metres</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Policy area

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Policy area</th>
<th>Minimum setback from the primary road frontage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High Street Policy Area</td>
<td>No minimum (3 metre maximum setback where extended outdoor dining/licensed area only is proposed forward of the building)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transit Living Policy Area</td>
<td>3 metres, and 6 metres to Third Avenue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business Policy Area</td>
<td>3 metres</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15 Buildings (excluding verandahs, porticos and the like) should be set back from the secondary road frontage or a vehicle access way in accordance with the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Designated area</th>
<th>Minimum setback from secondary road</th>
<th>Minimum setback from a rear access way</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boulevard Policy Area</td>
<td>3 metres</td>
<td>No minimum where the access way is 6.5 metres or more OR Where the access way is less than 6.5 metres in width, the distance equal to the additional width required to make the access way 6.5 metres or more, to provide adequate manoeuvrability for vehicles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Street Policy Area</td>
<td>0 metres for a distance of 20 metres from the primary road junction and 2 metres thereafter</td>
<td>As above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transit Living Policy Area</td>
<td>2 metres, and 6 metres to Third Avenue</td>
<td>No minimum where the access way is 6.5 metres or more OR Where the access way is less than 6.5 metres in width, the distance equal to the additional width required to make the access way 6.5 metres or more, to provide adequate manoeuvrability for vehicles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business Policy Area</td>
<td>2 metres</td>
<td>No minimum where the access way is 6.5 metres or more OR Where the access way is less than 6.5 metres in width, the distance equal to the additional width required to make the access way 6.5 metres or more, to provide adequate manoeuvrability for vehicles</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Other Setbacks

16 Buildings (excluding verandahs, porticos and the like) should be set back in accordance with the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Designated area</th>
<th>Minimum setback from rear allotment boundary</th>
<th>Minimum setback from side boundaries (where not on a road boundary)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boulevard Policy Area</td>
<td>5 metres where the subject land directly abuts an allotment of a different zone</td>
<td>For allotments with a frontage width of : (a) 20 metres or less: no minimum to one boundary but at least 3 metres to the other side boundary, with</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Designated area

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Designated area</th>
<th>Minimum setback from rear allotment boundary</th>
<th>Minimum setback from side boundaries (where not on a road boundary)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Urban Corridor Zone - High Street (Unley Road) Policy Area</td>
<td>3 metres in all other cases, except where the development abuts the wall of an existing or simultaneously constructed building on the adjoining land.</td>
<td>respective setbacks to create an orderly pattern of built form in accord with the Desired Character and desired consolidated sites in Concept Plan Maps Un/1 to 7 (b) more than 20 metres: 3 metres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Street Policy Area</td>
<td>As above</td>
<td>0 metres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transit Living Policy Area</td>
<td>5 metres where the subject land directly abuts an allotment of a different zone 3 metres in all other cases, except where the development abuts the wall of an existing or simultaneously constructed building on the adjoining land.</td>
<td>For allotments with a frontage width of: (a) 20 metres or less: no minimum to one boundary but at least 3 metres to the other side boundary, with respective setbacks to create an orderly pattern of built form in accord with the Desired Character and desired consolidated sites in Concept Plan Map Un/11 (b) more than 20 metres: 3 metres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business Policy Area</td>
<td>5 metres where the subject land directly abuts an allotment of a different zone 3 metres in all other cases, except where the development abuts the wall of an existing or simultaneously constructed building on the adjoining land.</td>
<td>For allotments with a frontage width of: (a) 20 metres or less: no minimum to one boundary but at least 3 metres to the other side boundary, with respective setbacks to create an orderly pattern of built form in accord with the Desired Character and desired consolidated sites in Concept Plan Map Un/11 (b) more than 20 metres: 3 metres</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Car Parking Efficiency

17 A lesser on-site car parking rate that still affords adequate provision may be applied to applicable elements of a development where justified based on local circumstances in relation to a reduced overall demand, efficiency of use of the parking provided or practical constraints, where:

(a) amalgamation of allotments occurs, or an agreement is formed to integrate and share adjoining parking areas, to create larger more functional and efficient parking areas incorporating a number of features, as follows:

(i) sites of greater than 2000 square metres and providing greater than 60 parking spaces;

(ii) side road frontage with two-way vehicle access provided;

(iii) convenient flow through two-way vehicle accessibility created between side roads;

(iv) rationalised, minimised or coordinated vehicle crossovers to roads and optimisation of on-street parking;

(b) development includes affordable housing or student accommodation;

(c) sites are located within 200 metres walking distance of a convenient and frequent service fixed public transport stop;

(d) mixed use development including residential and a variety of non-residential development has respective peak demands for parking occurring at different times;
(e) the proposed development is on or adjacent to the site of a heritage place, or includes retention of a desired traditional building and its features, which hinders the provision of on-site parking or the most effective use of the spaces within the building;

(f) the parking shortfall is met by contribution to the Car Parking Contributions Fund, or other arrangements, to provide improved or increased on-site parking elsewhere in convenient proximity;

(g) generous on-street parking and/or public parking areas are available and in convenient proximity, other than where such parking may become limited or removed by the probable future priority for traffic flow, parking restrictions, road modifications or widening (eg Strategic Transport Routes Map Un/1 (Overlay 4, 4a and 4b).

Land Division

18 Land division in the zone is appropriate provided new allotments are of a size and configuration to ensure the objectives of the zone can be achieved.

19 Streets that provide rear access for vehicles should be created in accordance with Concept Plan Maps Un/1 to 7 and 11.

Vehicle Parking

20 Vehicle parking should be provided in accordance with the rates set out in Table Un/5 - Off Street Vehicle Parking Requirements or Table Un/5A - Off Street Vehicle Parking Requirements for Designated Areas (whichever applies)

High Street (Unley Road) Policy Area 20

OBJECTIVES

1 A mix of land uses including retail, office, commercial, community, civic and medium and high density residential development that support the economic vitality of the area.

2 Buildings sited to provide a continuous and consistent built edge with verandahs / awnings over the public footpath and an intimate built scale, with fine-grained detailing of buildings in the public realm.

3 An interesting and varied skyline as viewed from the street and afar, provided by modulation in roof forms and the use of parapets.

4 An intimate public realm with active streets created by buildings designed with frequently repeated frontage form and narrow tenancy footprints.

5 A high degree of pedestrian activity and a vibrant street-life with well lit and engaging shop fronts and business displays including alfresco seating and dining facilities and licensed areas.

6 Development that contributes to the desired character of the policy area.

DESIRE CHARACTER

This policy area includes two sections of the Unley Road corridor either side of the Unley District Centre and extending the full length of the road as far south as Northgate Street from Greenhill Road.

The maintenance of a safe and efficient movement system (for significant private vehicle numbers as well as critical public transport links) needs to be balanced with the desire to transform these strips into vibrant, intimate and appealing mixed use pedestrian friendly corridors of small scale retail, mixed business and entertainment facilities at ground and lower levels with medium to high density living at upper levels of multi-storey buildings.

Some incompatible land uses such as service trade premises, bulky goods outlets, warehousing and workshops need to be progressively replaced or redeveloped such that they are reduced to a minor floor area and/or without public road frontage.

High quality buildings and associated site works are sought which:

(a) improve the comfort, safety, convenience and appeal of the public realm and the pedestrian environment for visitors and residents by creating:

(i) visually interesting, highly transparent and varied shop fronts and building entries;

(ii) continuity of verandahs, awnings or canopies to provide shelter and shade;
Urban Corridor Zone - High Street (Unley Road) Policy Area 20
City of Unley

(iii) appealing through links to shops and businesses set behind the street frontage and also to ground level and multi-level car parking areas at the rear or underneath buildings;

(iv) occasional outdoor dining areas extending in part over the public footway and linked to recessed buildings comprising restaurants and licensed premises;

(v) paving, lighting, tree planting, furniture and amenities in areas to the rear of street fronting buildings and linked to key local movement networks, public reserves and common private spaces;

(vi) parking areas under, behind or within buildings, to ensure ground floor levels match public footpath levels along road frontages and provide for level access and direct interaction to the public realm.

(b) respect the predominant, traditional rhythm of narrow-fronted shop tenancies and the siting, height and street format by:

(i) retaining, adapting and redeveloping existing historic or appealing traditional buildings and developing 'behind' the converted street fronting shop or business facades;

(ii) developing or maintaining a dominant street level podium building form along the main road reflecting the one to two storey shop or commercial parapet façades traditionally associated with this strip and developing the core building element (and any building above 8.5 metres in total building height) offset and setback behind the ground level façade;

(iii) complementing in an innovative and contemporary manner, using modern materials and finishes, the key traditional building and shop-front elements including verandahs, parapet facades, detailed pediments, and clear-glazed narrow shop front displays above raised display levels (base stall boards) and recessed entries;

(iv) developing narrow buildings built side by side so as to create a largely continuous built edge to the street and reflecting the traditional narrow-fronted tenancies by creating varied and distinctive building facades through careful and fine-grained attention to building detailing;

(v) supporting the predominant street boundary setback, and no more than 3 metres (to allow for a wider pedestrian footway and outdoor dining area forward of the building) setback from the main road;

(c) create high quality living environments by:

(a) applying sustainable design solutions to optimise natural ventilation and capture of sun or natural daylight;

(b) optimising resident and visitor safety, convenience and amenity by providing reserved and secure car parks, lighting and surveillance of public and common spaces;

(c) locating and screening goods storage, refuse collection areas in a sensitive manner;

(d) locating and designing sensitive habitable rooms and balconies to optimise the utility of those spaces and minimise noise intrusion.

In order to achieve the desired building design outcome and car parking and access links, it will be necessary for existing small and narrow sites to be amalgamated and their redevelopment co-ordinated.

PRINCIPLES OF DEVELOPMENT CONTROL

Land Use

1 Development should provide continuity of predominately narrow small ground floor shops, and limited offices and other non-residential land uses along the road corridor at ground level or first floor level, and residential development above.

2 Existing service industries, workshops and storage activities should be removed or redeveloped to reduce these land uses to a minor floor area and not having a public street frontage.

3 Shops or group of shops contained in a single building should have a maximum gross leasable area in the order of 450 square metres (per tenancy).

Form and Character

4 Development should be consistent with the desired character for the policy area.
5 The finished ground floor level should be at grade and level with the footpath.

6 The ground floor of buildings should be built to dimensions including a minimum floor to ceiling height of 3.5 metres to allow for adaptation to a range of land uses including retail, office and residential without the need for significant change to the building.

7 A minimum of 50 per cent of the ground floor primary frontage of buildings should be visually permeable, transparent or clear glazed to promote active street frontages and maximise passive surveillance.

8 Buildings should maintain a pedestrian scale at street level, and on land identified on Concept Plan Maps Un/1, 2A and 2B, should:
   (a) include a clearly defined podium or street wall fronting the High Street (Unley Road) Policy Area 20 main road and side streets where appropriate, of a height consistent with traditional one and two storey facades and no greater than two storeys or 8.5 metres in height;
   (b) have levels above the defined podium or street wall setback a minimum of 3 metres from that wall.

10 The integrity and spatial setting of a heritage place, and positive character facades, be respected by adjacent development providing appropriate setbacks, wall heights, format and features, and new and taller building elements being distinctly further setback and of lightweight subservient appearance.

11 Development should be in accordance with Concept Plan Maps Un/1, 2A and 2B.

ZONE PROCEDURAL MATTERS

Complying Development
The zone sets out ‘Complying’ development per Schedule 4 of the Development Regulations 2008. Table Un/1 and Table Un/7 in the Development Plan, other than for heritage places. These provide for minor development, advertisements and change of use of an existing shop, office or consulting room or any combination of these uses for any of these uses, subject to specific conditions.

Non-complying Development
The zone sets out a short list of ‘Non-complying’ forms of development:
- Any development or portion thereof within 5 metres of the Leader Street road boundary that exceeds 2 storeys, or 9 metres in height above natural ground level within the Transit Living Policy Area and Business Policy Area north of Leader Street
- Industry, except Light Industry and Service Industry located within the Business Policy Area
- Fuel depot
- Petrol filling station, except where located within the Business Policy Area
- Major public service depot
- Road transport terminal
- Store, except where located within the Business Policy Area
- Transport depot
- Warehouse, except where located within the Business Policy Area
- Waste reception storage treatment and disposal

Public Notification
Categories of public notification are prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Development Regulations 2008 and in addition, the following forms of development, or any combination of (except where the development is classified as non-complying), are designated as follows:

Category 1 (no notice):
- Advertisement
- Aged persons accommodation
- All forms of development that are ancillary and in association with residential development
Consulting room
- Dwelling
- Educational establishment
- Office
- Pre-school
- Residential flat building
- Retirement village
- Supported accommodation
- Shop or group of shops:
  (a) located within the High Street (Unley Road) Policy Area 17;
  (b) located within the Boulevard (Greenhill Road) Policy Area 19 with a gross leasable area of 450 square metres or less
  (c) located within the Transit Living (Anzac Highway) Policy Area 24 or Business (Leader Street and Maple Avenue) Policy Area 25 with a gross leasable area of 500 square metres or less
- Tourist accommodation

**Category 2** (direct advice to adjacent land owners):  
All forms of development not listed as Category 1.  
Any development listed as Category 1 and located on adjacent land to a residential zone that:  
(a) is 3 or more storeys, or 11.5 metres or more, in height above natural ground level;  
(b) exceeds the maximum building height in the Building Envelope Building Height or Concept Plan Maps Un/1 to 7 and Un/11;  
(c) exceeds the Building Envelope Interface Height Provisions.

**Category 3** (direct advice to locality and public advertisement with 3rd party appeal rights):  
Non-complying development or demolition of a State Heritage Place.

**General design controls for development**

As the urban form increases in its scale and intensity, design outcomes need to carefully consider the corresponding quality of design; including building bulk, streetscape relationship, transition of built form, overlooking, overshadowing, traffic and parking needs and implications, delivery and waste servicing and appropriate spaces for amenity and complementary green infrastructure (including deep soil areas for trees). Refer to applicable Council-wide policy and in particular for *Medium and High Rise Development (3 or More Storeys)*.

Development requires the provision of vehicle parking (car and bicycle) pursuant to general policy and rates set out in **Tables Un/5A and Un/6**.

Development within the Urban Corridor Zone and on Unley Road is also subject to Overlay Policy for *Airport Building Heights, Noise and Air Emissions and Affordable Housing*.

**Full and further Information**

In addition to the more specific policy of the zone the broader Council-wide residential policy and other relevant parts of the whole Development Plan are also applicable to the assessment of any development.

Urban Corridor Zone

High Street (Unley Road) Policy Area 20

City of Unley

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December 2017

Unley Road (South)

UNLEY (CITY)

HIGH STREET (Unley Road) POLICY AREA

Concept Plan Map Un/2B

1:2,000

Landmark development site (desirably consolidated)

Sites desirably consolidated

Desired vehicle link

Desired/consolidated vehicle access/egress

Existing vehicle access to be closed

No vehicle access

Heritage Place

Maximum building height
(2 storey = 8.0m)
Zone Policy Area Maps

MAP Un'/14 ADJOINS

CH2
Policy Area 2 - Compact Historic Parksde St. Ann's Estate

SH6
Policy Area 6 - Spacious Historic Unley and Marvern Trimner Estate

C(BF)9.3
Policy Area 8 - Compact (Built Form) Precinct 8.3

C(BF)8.4
Policy Area 8 - Compact (Built Form) Precinct 8.4

C(BF)8.5
Policy Area 8 - Compact (Built Form) Precinct 8.5

S(BF)9.6
Policy Area 9 - Spacious (Built Form) Precinct 9.6

S(BF)9.7
Policy Area 9 - Spacious (Built Form) Precinct 9.7

RA(RR)/15
Policy Area 15 - Removal Area

19
Policy Area 19 - Boulevard (Grenfell Road)

20
Policy Area 20 - High Street (Unley Road)

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Policy Area Boundary
Development Plan Boundary

Scale 1:8000

UNLEY (CITY)
POLICY AREAS
MAP Un'/14

Consolidated - 19 December 2017
Urban Corridor Zone - High Street (Unley Road) Policy Area 20

City of Unley

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